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A method for processing data packets for transmission over a communications channel, comprising:

pre-processing data packets for transmission over the communications channel including performing a first coding operation on those data packets to form pre-processed data packets;

detecting a current condition; and

processing the pre-processed data packets based on the detected current condition to form processed data packets ready for transmission over the communications channel, wherein the pre-processing does not depend on the current condition.

- 2. The method in claim 1, wherein the current condition is the current condition of the communications channel.
- 3. The method in claim 2, wherein the current condition is the current condition of the communications channel during a current transmission time interval.
- The method in claim 1, wherein the current condition relates to a communications service.
- 5. The method in claim 1, wherein the pre-processing includes channel encoding the data packets at a fixed coding rate.
- 6. The method in claim 1, wherein the pre-processing includes combining the data packets into data blocks.
- 7. The method in claim 6, wherein the pre-processing includes adding supplemental bits to each of the data packets before combining.
- 8. The method in claim 7, wherein the supplemental bits include one or more of the following types of information: error detection information, error correction information, tail information, and data packet sequence information.

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Test 1-10 1... 116 ... 116 ... 117 1...

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- 9. The method in claim 6, wherein the pre-processing includes channel encoding the data blocks at a fixed coding rate to form the pre-processed data blocks.
- 10. The method in claim 1, wherein the processing includes obtaining a coding rate desired for the current condition.
- 11. The method in claim 1, wherein the processing includes employing a modulation scheme desired for the current condition.
- 12. The method in claim 1, wherein the processing includes both obtaining a coding rate and employing a modulation scheme desired for the current condition.
- 13. The method in claim 1, wherein the processing includes combining the preprocessed data packets.
- 14. The method in claim 13/wherein the combining is performed based on the current condition.
- 15. The method in claim/13, wherein the processing further includes manipulating the combined pre-processed data packets to achieve a coding rate desired for the current condition.
- 16. The method in claim 15, wherein the manipulating is performed in accordance with a puncturing scheme that achieves the desired coding rate.
- 17. The method in claim 14, wherein the processing further includes modulating the manipulated data in accordance with a modulation scheme desired for the current condition.
- 18. The method in claim 6, further comprising:
  waiting for an acknowledgement signal for each of the data blocks, and
  if an acknowledgement signal is not received for one of the data blocks,
  retransmitting the data block.

signal.

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> 19. The method in claim 18, further comprising:
storing the data blocks in a retransmission buffer awaiting the acknowledgement

20. The method in claim 19, further comprising:
retransmitting an unacknowledged data block using the same processing employed
when the unacknowledged data block was first transmitted.

21. The method in claim 19, further comprising:
retransmitting an unacknowledged data block using different processing from the
processing employed when the unacknowledged data block was first transmitted.

A method for processing data packets, comprising:

combining a first set of data blocks to produce a first set of combined data blocks;

combining a second set of data blocks to produce a second set of combined data blocks;

encoding the first set of combined data blocks to produce a first channel encoded data block;

encoding the second set of combined data blocks to produce a second channel encoded data block;

combining the first and second channel encoded data blocks to produce a combined channel encoded data block;

puncturing one or more bits from the combined channel encoded data block in accordance with a desired coding rate; and

modulating the punctured data block in accordance with a desired modulation scheme.

23. The meth  $\phi$ d in claim 22, further comprising:

adding supplemental information to a first set of data packets to produce the first set of data blocks, and

adding supplemental information to a second set of data packets to produce the second set of data blocks.

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24. The method in claim 22, further comprising: detecting a current transmission condition.

- 25. The method in claim 24, further comprising:

  determining how the first and second channel encoded data blocks should be combined based on the detected condition.
  - 26. The method in claim 24, further comprising: determining the desired channel rate based on the detected condition.
  - 27. The method in claim 24, further comprising: determining the desired modulation scheme based on the detected condition.
  - 28. The method in claim 24, further comprising:

    detecting a change in current transmission condition, and

    determining how the first and second channel encoded data blocks should be
    combined based on the changed condition.
    - 29. The method in claim 24, further comprising: detecting a change in current transmission condition, and determining a new desired channel rate from the changed condition.
    - 30. The method in claim 24, further comprising: detecting a change in current transmission condition, and determining a new desired modulation scheme from the changed condition.
  - 31. The method in claim 22, further comprising:
    waiting for an acknowledgement signal for the first and second channel encoded data blocks;

detecting that one of the first and second channel encoded data blocks is not acknowledged; and

retransmitting the one channel encoded data block.

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- 32. The method in claim 22, further comprising: storing the first channel encoded data block in a first buffer, and storing the second channel encoded data block in a second buffer.
- 33. The method in claim 32, further comprising: retransmitting one of the first or second encoded data blocks from a corresponding one of the first and second buffers.
- 34. Apparatus for use in a transmitter which transmits data over a communications channel, comprising

a first processing stage configured to pre-process data packets for transmission over the communications channel including performing a first coding operation on those data packets to form pre-processed data packets;

a detector configured to detect a current communications condition; and a second processing stage configured to process the pre-processed data packets based on the detected communications condition to form processed data packets ready for transmission over the communications channel,

wherein the first processing stage pre-processing does not depend on the current communications condition.

- 35. The apparatus/in claim 34, further comprising:
- a controller configured to control the configuration of the second processing stage based on the detected communications condition.
- 36. The apparatus in claim 34, wherein the first processing stage includes a channel encoder configured to encode the data packets at a fixed coding rate.
- 37. The apparatus in claim 34, wherein the first processing stage is configured to combine the data packets into data blocks.
- 38. The apparatus in claim 37, wherein the first processing stage is configured to add supplemental bits to each of the data packets before combining.

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- 39. The apparatus in claim 38, wherein the supplemental bits include one or more of the following types of information: error detection information, error correction information, tail information, and data packet sequence information.
- 40. The apparatus in claim 34, wherein the second processing stage is configured to obtain a coding rate desired for the current condition.
  - 41. The apparatus in claim 34, wherein the second processing stage is configured to employ a modulation scheme desired for the current condition.
  - 42. The apparatus in claim 34, wherein the second processing stage is configured to combine the pre-processed data packets.
  - 43. The apparatus in claim 42, wherein the combining is performed based on the current condition.
  - 44. The apparatus in claim/34, wherein the second processing stage is configured to manipulate the combined pre-processed data packets to achieve a coding rate desired for the current condition using a puncturing scheme.
    - 45. The apparatus in claim 34, further comprising: a buffer configured to store the pre-processed data packets.
  - 46. Apparatus for use in a transmitter which transmits data over a communications channel, comprising:
    - a first combiner configured to produce a first set of combined packets;
    - a second combiner configured to produce a second set of combined packets;
  - a first encoder, coupled to the first packet combiner, configured to encode the first set of combined packets;
- a second encoder, coupled to the second packet combiner, configured to encode the second set of combined packets;
- a third combiner, coupled to the first and second encoders, configured to combine the first and second set of encoded packets into a combined output;

a puncturing controller, coupled to the third combiner, configured to puncture the combined output to achieved a desired coding rate; and

a modulator, coupled to the puncturing controller, configured to modulate the punctured output for transmission over the communications channel.

47. The apparatus in claim 46, further comprising:

a first packet processor configured to add supplemental information to a first set of data packets to produce the first set of data blocks, and

a second packet processor configured to add supplemental information to a second set of data packets to produce the second set of data blocks.

48. The apparatus in claim 46, further comprising: a detector configured to detect a current transmission condition.

49. The apparatus in claim 48, further comprising:

a controller configured to determine how the first and second channel encoded data blocks should be combined based on the detected condition.

50. The apparatus in claim 48/ further comprising:

a controller configured to determine the desired channel rate based on the detected condition.

51. The apparatus in claim/48, further comprising:

a controller configured to determine the desired modulation scheme based on the detected condition.

- 52. The apparatus in claim 48, wherein the first and second packet combiners and the first and second encoders are configured to function independently of the transmission condition.
  - 53. The apparatus in claim 46, further comprising:
    a first buffer storing the first channel encoded data block, and
    a second buffer storing the second channel encoded data block.

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